COL202: Discrete Mathematical Structures. I semester, 2020-21. Amitabha Bagchi
Tutorial Sheet 4: Graph connectivity.
23 October 2020
Important: The question marked with a $\boldsymbol{\uparrow}$ is to be submitted via gradescope by $11: 59 \mathrm{PM}$ on the day that you have your tutorial.

## Problem 1 [1, Prob 12, page 30]

Show that every 2-connected graph contains a cycle.

## Problem 2

Show using only the material covered in [1, Ch 1.4] that every connected graph on $n$ vertices has at least $n-1$ edges.

## Problem 3

Generalize the result of Problem 2 to show that every graph on $n$ vertices and $m$ edges has at least $n-m$ components.

## Problem 4

Given a graph $G=(V, E)$ and a minimal cut $F \subseteq E$, show that any cycle of $G$ contains an even number of edges of $F$ (this number could be 0 as well).

## Problem 5

Show that if there is a vertex $v$ of odd degree in graph $G$ there must be a path from $v$ to another vertex $u$ of $G$ which also has odd degree.

## Problem 6

Let $\bar{G}$ be the complement of the graph $G$, i.e., all edges of $G$ are non-edges of $\bar{G}$ and vice versa. Show that both $G$ and $\bar{G}$ cannot be disconnected, i.e., at least one of them must be connected.

## Problem 7

Given a graph $G=(V, E)$ such that $|V|=n$, a cut $F \subset E$ is called a balanced cut if $G \backslash F$ has exactly 2 components and each of these components has size at least $n / 3$. Construct graphs on $n$ vertices whose smallest balanced cut has size (a) $\theta(1)$, (b) $\theta(\sqrt{n})$ and (c) $\theta(n)$.

## Problem 8 (Menger's Theorem)

Prove that a graph $G$ has $\lambda(G)=k$ for any $k \geq 1$ iff there are $k$ edge-disjoint paths between any pair of vertices in $G$. Two paths are said to be independent if they don't share any edges. Caution: One direction of this theorem is easy and the other is tricky.

## References

[1] Reinhard Diestel, Graph Theory 5ed., Springer, 2016.

