

## Homework 2

Due: **22nd March 2013, 11:59PM**

**Q1. (Kazdan, Linear Algebra, Spring 2012, Univ. Pennsylvania)** Suppose that  $\lambda$  is an eigenvalue of an  $n \times n$  matrix and let  $E_\lambda$  be the set of all eigenvectors with the same eigenvalue. Show that  $E_\lambda$  is a linear subspace of  $\mathbb{R}^n$ .

**Q2. (Levin et. al. Ex 1.7, page 18)** A transition matrix  $P$  is symmetric if  $P(x, y) = P(y, x)$  for all  $x, y \in \Omega$ . Show that if  $P$  is symmetric then the uniform distribution on  $\Omega$  is stationary for  $P$ .

**Q3. (Levin et. al. Ex 1.8, page 19)** Let  $P$  be a transition matrix that is reversible with respect to the probability distribution  $\pi$  on  $\Omega$ . Show that the transition matrix  $P^2$  corresponding to two steps of the chain is also reversible with respect to  $\pi$ .

**Q4. (Levin et. al. Ex 1.13, page 19)** A direct proof of the uniqueness of the stationary distribution of an irreducible chain can be given starting from the following argument: Given two stationary distributions  $\pi_1$  and  $\pi_2$ , consider the state  $x \in \Omega$  that minimizes  $\pi_1(x)/\pi_2(x)$  and show that all  $y$  with  $P(x, y) > 0$  have  $\pi_1(x)/\pi_2(x) = \pi_1(y)/\pi_2(y)$ . Argue this and complete the proof.